CANADIAN OWNERS AND PILOTS ASSOCIATION AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Independent Auditors' Report Statement of Financial Position Statement of Revenue and Expenses Statement of Changes in Net Assets Statement of Cash Flows Notes to Financial Statements





To the Directors of:
Canadian Owners and Pilots Association

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Canadian Owners and Pilots Association, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023, and the statement of operations, statement of changes in net assets and cash flows statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Canadian Owners and Pilots Association as at December 31, 2023, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements

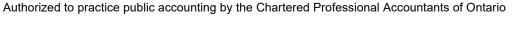
Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high-level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted audit standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a matter that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Frouin Group Professional Corporation

Ottawa Ontario May 17, 2024





CANADIAN OWNERS AND PILOTS ASSOCIATION AUDITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2023

	2023	2022
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS Cash Short-term investments (Note 6) Accounts receivable Due from COPA Flight Safety Foundation (Note 7) Inventory Prepaid expenses	\$ 349,703 309,865 26,458 81,531 0 39,077 806,634	0 35,728 46,723 53,516 105,884
LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS (Note 6)	2,382,894	2,125,251
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (Notes 2b and 5)	8,760	12,125
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>3,198,288</u>	\$ <u>3,204,344</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET AS	SETS	
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Canada Emergency Business Account (CEBA) load Due to COPA Special Action Fund (Note 7) Government remittances payable Deferred memberships (Note 2c) Deferred lease inducement NET ASSETS Internally-restricted to general reserve Invested in capital assets Unrestricted TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	25,077 10,360 858,361 4,844 1,093,033 1,500,000 8,760 596,495 2,105,255	140,135 875,155 8,719 1,215,893 1,500,000 12,125 476,326 1,988,451
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ <u>3,198,288</u>	\$ <u>3,204,344</u>
APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:		
Director	Director	

(See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements)

AUDITED STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	2023	2022
REVENUES Memberships COPA Flight Safety Foundation Safety promotion support Membership programs Search and Rescue New Initiatives Fund COPA collection Management fees Event fees Government assistance (Note 9) Other	\$ 876,528 35,000 421,261 124,515 79,373 0 24,622 12,500 20,000 444 1,594,243	\$ 896,403 35,000 459,311 122,701 0 7,902 10,974 67,894 0 0 1,600,185
EXPENSES Salaries and benefits Publishing Bad debt expense Office rent Travel Meeting and directors' expenses Insurance Office and administration Bank and service fees Promotion Professional fees Event expenses Contributions to Freedom to Fly (Note 7) Membership Amortization of capital assets (Note 2b) Search and Rescue New Initiatives Fund Inventory write-off EXCESS/(DEFICIT) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES FROM OPERATIONS Investment income/(loss)	701,499 99,422 6,400 62,721 45,115 133,402 50,165 127,779 118,767 88,218 147,674 31,294 0 10,684 6,680 78,388 52,955 1,761,163 (166,920)	635,543 94,490 7,154 54,936 42,553 44,378 43,055 220,010 95,065 96,149 122,365 83,753 33,559 9,719 6,676 0 0 1,589,405
NET EXCESS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	\$ <u>116,804</u>	\$ <u>(207,347)</u>

(See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements)

AUDITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	2023	2022
NET ASSETS INTERNALLY-RESTRICTED TO GENE	RAL RESERVE	
Balance - beginning and end of year	\$ <u>1,500,000</u>	\$ <u>1,500,000</u>
NET ASSETS INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS		
Balance - beginning of year Purchase of capital assets, net of disposals Amortization Balance - end of year	\$ 12,125 3,315 (6,680) \$ 8,760	\$ 16,203 2,598 (6,676) \$ 12,125
UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS		
Balance - beginning of year Net Excess/(deficit) expenses for the year Purchase of capital assets, net of disposals Amortization	\$ 476,326 116,804 (3,315) 6,680	\$ 679,595 (207,347) (2,598) 6,676
Balance - end of year	\$ <u>596,495</u>	\$ <u>476,326</u>

AUDITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	2023	2022
CASH PROVIDED BY/(USED IN) OPERATING ACTION	VITIES	
Net Excess/(deficit) expenses for the year Add: Amortization	\$ 116,804 <u>6,680</u> 123,484	\$ (207,347) 6,676 (200,671)
Net change in non-cash working capital Accounts receivable Due from COPA Special Action Fund Due from COPA Flight Safety Foundation Prepaid expenses Inventory Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue	9,270 (2,650) (34,808) 66,807 53,517 (99,541) (20,669) 95,410	237,054 20,360 (12,486) (17,248) 8,079 187,722 (50,484) 172,326
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Net (purchase)/disposal of capital assets Net (purchases)/sales of investments	(3,315) <u>(567,509)</u> <u>(570,824</u>)	(2,598) 237,252 234,654
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH DURING THE YEAR	(475,414)	406,980
CASH, beginning of year	825,117	418,137
CASH, end of year	\$ <u>349,703</u>	\$ <u>825,117</u>
REPRESENTED BY:		
Cash	\$ <u>349,703</u>	\$ <u>825,117</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

1. PURPOSE OF THE ORGANIZATION

The Canadian Owners and Pilots Association is engaged in the promotion of flight safety through education and workshops and raises awareness of important issues facing the flying community. Funds are primarily generated through membership fees which include a portion attributable to a subscription to the COPA Flight newspaper. The Association was incorporated under the Canada Corporations Act as a not-for-profit organization and, as such, is exempt from income tax.

These financial statements do not include the accounts of the COPA Flight Safety Foundation and the COPA Special Action Fund Inc. as detailed in note 7.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and include the following significant accounting policies:

a) Estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenditure during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

b) Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is provided on the straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives as follows:

Furniture and fixtures 10 years
Computer equipment 3 years
Leasehold improvements 87 months

c) Revenue recognition

The Association follows the deferral method of accounting for revenue. Membership revenue is recognized on a pro-rata basis over the full term of the membership. Deferred membership revenue represents the unexpired portion of memberships received. Publishing revenue is derived from inserts, classified and display advertisements - revenue is recognized when advertisements are published in COPA publications. Revenue from COPA Collection sales are recognized when the goods are delivered. Registration and sponsorship revenue from events is recognized when the event occurs.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

d) Investments

Investments are measured at fair value at each reporting date, with gains and losses recognized in the statement of revenues and expenses as part of investment income.

e) Net assets internally-restricted as reserves

The general reserve was established by the Board to cover general operating expenses for one year.

3. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying value of cash, short-term investments, accounts receivable, due from COPA Special Action Fund Inc., due from COPA Flight Safety Foundation and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair value due to the relatively short period to maturity of the instruments. Long-term investments are carried at fair value. It is management's opinion that COPA is not exposed to significant interest or currency risks arising from these financial instruments.

The Association is exposed to credit risk resulting from the possibility that parties may default on their financial obligations. The Association's maximum exposure to credit risk represents the sum of the carrying value of its cash, short and long term investments, accounts receivable, due from COPA Special Action Fund Inc., and due from COPA Flight Safety Foundation. The Association's cash is deposited with a Canadian chartered bank and a major investment broker, and as a result management believes the risk of loss on this item is remote. Management reduces the credit risk attributable to its short term investments by investing in conservative investments. Management believes that most of its accounts receivable at year-end will be collected and, consistent to previous years, has established an allowance for doubtful accounts. Amounts due from COPA Special Action Fund Inc. and due from COPA Flight Safety Foundation are not expected to be a collection problem since they are related parties.

4. **COMMITMENTS**

The Association has leased office space at an annual rate of rent of approximately \$28,631 per year plus HST and operating costs, effective until March 31, 2025.

The Association has entered into various contracts and leases for office equipment. The approximate annual payments for these contracts is as follows:

2024 \$ 6,844 2025 \$ 2,279

CANADIAN OWNERS AND PILOTS ASSOCIATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

5. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

THOI ENTI AND EQUIT	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value 2023	Net Book Value 2022
Furniture and fixtures Computer equipment Leasehold improvements	\$ 50,489 266,876 5,051	\$ (47,761) (261,018) (4,877)	\$ 2,728 5,858 174	\$ 3,828 7,426 871
TOTAL	\$ <u>322,416</u>	\$ <u>(313,656</u>)	\$ <u>8,760</u>	\$ <u>12,125</u>

6. INVESTMENTS

Short-term investments	Initial Cost	2023 Fair Value	2022 Fair Value
High-Interest Savings	309,865	\$ <u>309,865</u>	\$ <u> </u>
Long-term investments PH&N High Yield Bond-F BMO MSCI EAFE Index ETF BMO NASDAQ 100 Equity NBI Intl High Conviction Equity NBI U.S. High Conviction Equity Ishares Core S&P 500 ETF Ishares Core Cdn Corp ETF NBC Auto Callable Contingent Ishares Gold Bullion ETF Ishares Core Cdn ST Bond ETF Ishares Core Cdn Univ. ETF TD Fixed Income Pool - F Ser. Horizons Active Cdn Div ETF	196,035 106,151 74,539 85,114 137,015 115,892 198,130 190,272 75,000 41,598 284,804 238,730 286,552 235,172 193,735	194,341 118,741 120,562 118,721 233,099 234,274 242,900 194,340 71,715 48,923 274,889 239,949 290,440 0	140,705 124,476 83,665 129,908 220,195 201,869 303,417 136,193 62,063 77,116 204,256 0 0 205,075 236,313
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	100,700	2,382,894 \$ 2,692,759	2,125,251 \$ 2,125,251
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Short-term investments consists of cash held in a high-interest savings account which is used to hold excess cash but also have it readily available for cash flow needs.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

7. RELATED PARTIES

The Canadian Owners and Pilots Association (COPA) controls the following not-for-profit organizations. In each case, membership in the organization is limited to the directors of COPA and the directors of the controlled organization must be either officers or members of the Executive Committee of COPA. These organizations have not been consolidated in COPA's financial statements, but financial statements for each of the controlled organizations are available upon request.

- (a) COPA Flight Safety Foundation (the Foundation) is an organization incorporated under the laws of Canada without share capital. It is a registered charity and, as such, is exempt from income tax and may issue income tax receipts to donors. The Foundation solicits donations and other funding to promote flight safety by way of an annual safety bulletin publication.
- (b) COPA Special Action Fund (the Fund) is an organization incorporated under the laws of Canada without share capital. It is empowered to solicit contributions to be used at the discretion of the Board of Directors to pay legal and other professional fees and expenses in connection with contemplated actions and public relations campaigns as a means to influence and convince all levels of government and their agencies to provide more appropriate and sound aeronautical legislation and regulation.

COPA Flight Safety Foundation	2023	2022
Total Assets	\$ <u>421,483</u>	\$ 382,824
Total liabilities Fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 172,848 <u>248,635</u> \$ 421,483	\$ 143,847 238,977 \$ 382,824
Total revenue Total expenses Net revenue/(loss) for the year	\$ 72,745 (63,087) \$ 9,658	\$ 17,417 (77,590) \$ (60,173)
Cash provided / (used) by operating activities Cash provided / (used) in investing activities Net change in cash during the year	\$ 41,965 (44,133) \$ (2,168)	\$ (60,187) 40,790 \$ (19,397)
Net due (to) / from COPA	\$ <u>(81,530</u>)	\$ <u>(46,723)</u>
Administration fees paid to COPA	\$ <u>6,751</u>	\$ <u>3,084</u>

CANADIAN OWNERS AND PILOTS ASSOCIATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

7. RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)

COPA Special Action Fund Inc. operating as "Freedom to Fly Fund"	2023	2022
Total assets	\$ <u>841,210</u>	\$ 760,493
Internally-restricted net assets Unrestricted net assets Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 10,000 <u>831,210</u> \$ <u>841,210</u>	\$ 10,000
Total revenue Total expenses Excess of expenses over revenue	\$ 108,409 (27,692) \$ 80,717	\$ 56,938 (130,841) \$ (73,903)
Cash provided / (used) in operating activities Cash provided / (used) in investing activities Net increase in cash during the year	\$ 83,366 (86,107) \$ (2,741)	\$ (94,263)
Due (to) / from COPA	\$ <u>25,077</u>	\$ <u>27,726</u>
Administration fees paid to COPA	\$ <u>21,484</u>	\$ <u>9,316</u>

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

Canadian Owners and Pilots Association is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. The following analysis provides a measure of the risks at December 31, 2023:

a) Credit risk

Credit risk associated with their investments is minimized by investing these assets in fixed income investments and widely-traded equities and fixed income funds. An ongoing review is performed to evaluate changes in the status of investments under the Association's investment policy.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY (CONTINUED)

b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Association's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Some of the Association's financial instruments expose it to this risk, which comprises currency risk and interest rate risk.

c) Currency risk

The Association's functional currency is the Canadian dollar. The Association does not enter into foreign currency transactions and does not use foreign exchange forward contracts.

d) Liquidity risk

The Association manages its liquidity risk by regularly monitoring forecasted and actual cash flow and financial liability maturities, and by holding assets that can be readily converted into cash. Accounts payable are normally paid within 30 days.

e) Interest rate risk

The Association is exposed to interest rate risk with regards to its cash and short-term and long-term investments. The Association is also exposed to interest rate risk on its fixed and floating interest rate financial instruments. Fixed interest rate instruments subject the Association to a fair value risk, since fair value fluctuates inversely to changes in market interest rates. Floating interest rate instruments subject the Association to changes in related future cash flows.

9. GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE

To assist in mitigating the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Association had applied for the Canada Emergency Business Account ("CEBA") program. The program provided an interest-free \$60,000 loan. If repaid on or before December 31, 2023, 34% of the loan, or \$20,000, will be forgiven. Since the criteria for forgiveness was met, the Association recorded the \$20,000 as other revenue.